# **Computing Forecasts**

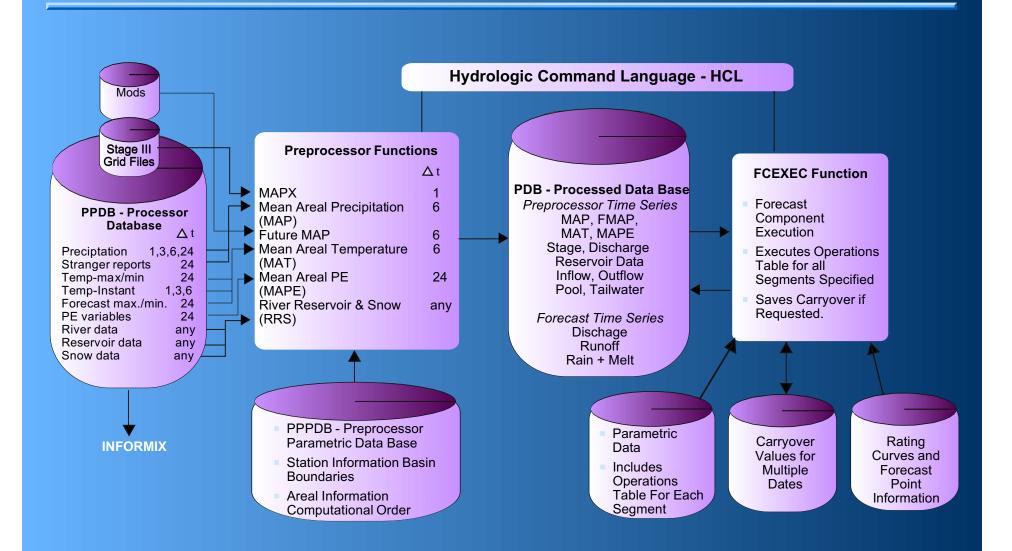
**FCST** 

# Forecast Program - FCST

Made up of separate programs linked together by HCL

- Preprocessor component
- Forecast component
- Ensemble Streamflow Prediction
- Read/write database
- Hydrologic Command Language (HCL)
- Utility programs

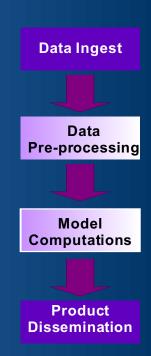
# Forecast Program Interaction with OFS Databases



# FCST (HCL)

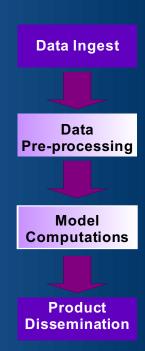
#### HCL

- User interface to fcst
- Allows different components to act as one program
- Decodes commands
- Sets options
- Calls the parts needed
- Does not do computations



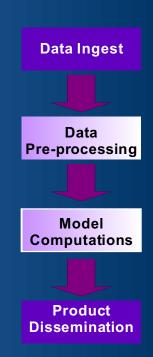
#### **HCL** Allows User To:

- Determine which functions to run.
- Determine order to run them.
- Make runtime adjustments to the options.



#### HCL Definitions – Nouns

- Function
  - process that performs work
- Technique
  - option for function
- Argument
  - switch for a technique
- Procedure
  - ordered list of HCL commands that allows symbolic replacement at runtime



#### HCL Definitions – Verbs

#### Define

initialize Function, Technique, or Argument values with default values

#### Set

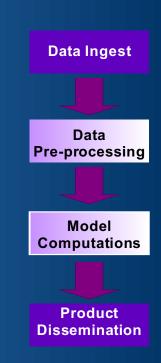
at runtime, can override defaults by setting
Technique and Argument values

### Compute

starts the run of a Function using the Technique and Argument values

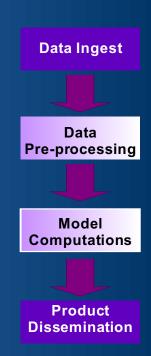
#### Execute

start the run of a Procedure



#### HCL Syntax – General

- All commands start with @
  - ► The @ must be in column 1 to be recognized
  - ► HCL will continue processing a command until another is found
- Technique values are enclosed in parentheses with no blank between the name and parentheses
  - ► Example: PRNTFMAP(0)
- Comments start with a \$
  - Can be anywhere on the line



#### HCL Syntax - Date Formats

- MMDDYYHHTZC (10250012Z)
  - Abbreviations
    - MMDDYYHH (10250012)
      - time zone defaults to one in User Parameter file
    - MMDDHHTZC (102512Z)
      - year defaults so that MMDD is to the closest to computer date
    - MMDDHH, MMDDYY (102512, 102599)
      - if last 2 numbers are in the range 0- 24 will assume they are HH and year will default to closest one to computer
      - if last 2 are from 25-99, assume they are YY and will default to closest one to computer clock
    - MMDD (1025)
      - Hour defaults to 12Z
      - Year defaults so that MMDD is closest to the computer date

### HCL Syntax - Dates (cont.)

- \*+-days HHTZC
  - ► Where \* is TODAY's date
  - ▶ days is the number of days before (-) or after (+) TODAY
  - ► days must be 2 digits
  - ► Abbreviations
    - \*+daysHH
    - \*+days
    - \*HHTZC
    - \_\_ \*

HCL Syntax - Dates (cont.)

- MMDD/year/HHTZC
  - year must be 4 digits
  - ► Abbreviations
    - MMDD/year/HH
      - Time zone defaults to user parameter setting
    - MMDD/year/
      - Hour defaults to 12Z

#### Common HCL Commands

- COMPUTE Run a function
- EXECUTE Run a procedure
- SETOPTIONS Set runtime values for functions, techniques, procedures
- SETLDFLT Set local default for functions, techniques, procedures
- SETTODAY Set date to be used as today's date
- SETUPARM Display/change value of user parameters

# Selected Techniques

### Common Techniques

- STARTRUN
- ENDRUN
- LSTCMPDY
- CGROUP
- FGROUP

# Selected Techniques

#### FUTPRECP

- ► MAPX
  - Whether FMAP values will be incorporated into the MAPX time series
  - Valid values
    - 0: no future precip used
    - 1: all future precip available will be used
- ► FCEXEC
  - Whether FMAP values associated with an MAP will be used or partially used.
  - Valid values
    - -1: all FMAP will be used
    - 0: no FMAP will be used
    - 1-120: specified number of hours of FMAP will be used

## Selected Techniques

#### Saving Carryover

### In general

- ► Replaces the oldest available date on file
- ► Saves today at 12z
- Updates any CO witin the run period
- Use SAVEDATE and FREEDATE to protect/unprotect date

#### SAVETDY

► SAVETDY(1): will save carryover for today

#### NUMCOSAV

- ► Takes -1, or up to 10 dates as arguments
- ► NUMCOSAV(-1) will update all CO dates within the run period
- ► NUMCOSAV \*-2 \*-1 \* will save CO for today and previous 2 days

- FMAP Future Mean Areal Precipitation
  - ► Scope: whole RFC
    - Initially set to 0.0
  - ► Time step: 6 hour FMAP time series
  - ► Observed data: none
  - ► Future data: All values come from MOD cards .FMAP6 or .FMAP24
  - ► Estimation: None
  - Order: Determined by ORDER command

- MAP Mean Areal Precipitation
  - ► Scope: FG, CG, or AREA run (max 10 Areas)
  - ► Time step: 6 hour MAP time series for observed period (STARTRUN-LSTCMPDY)
  - Observed data: daily and incrementatl values
    - Converts all 1-hr and 3-hr stations to 6-hr
  - ► Future data: none uses FMAP time series for MAP area
  - Estimation: Estimations determined by NETWORK
  - Order: Determined by ORDER command (except for AREA run)

- MAPX Mean Areal Precipitation NEXRAD
  - Scope: whole RFC
  - ► Time step: 1-hr
  - Observed data: uses hrouly gridded estimates from StageIII or MPE up to LSTCMPDY
  - ► Future data: none incorporates FMAP values into MAPX time series
    - FUTPRECP technique
  - ► Estimation: none
  - Order: Determined by ORDER command

- MAPE Mean Areal Potential Evaporation
  - ► Scope: whole RFC
  - ► Time step: 24-hr
  - ▶ Observed data: temperature, dew pt., wind speed, solar radiation
  - Future data: none blends to monthly areal average
  - Estimation: none for a station blends to areal mean
  - Order: Determined by ORDER command

- MAT Mean Areal Temperature
  - Scope: whole RFC
  - ► Time step: 6-hr
  - ▶ Observed data: uses max/min and instantaneous (1, 3, and 6-hr)
  - ► Future data: can use forecast max/min
  - Estimation: estimators set by NETWORK
  - Order: alphabetical order from NETWORK

- RRS River, Reservoir, and Snow
  - Scope: whole RFC
  - ► Time step: 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, or 24 hr
  - Observed data: uses instantaneous and mean
  - ► Future data: can use forecast data
  - Estimation: depends on data type and if missing are allowed or not
  - Order: alphabetical order from NETWORK

